Getting To Implementation: Program Options for Puerto Rico



Puerto Rico is Not Alone!

Implementation is Difficult

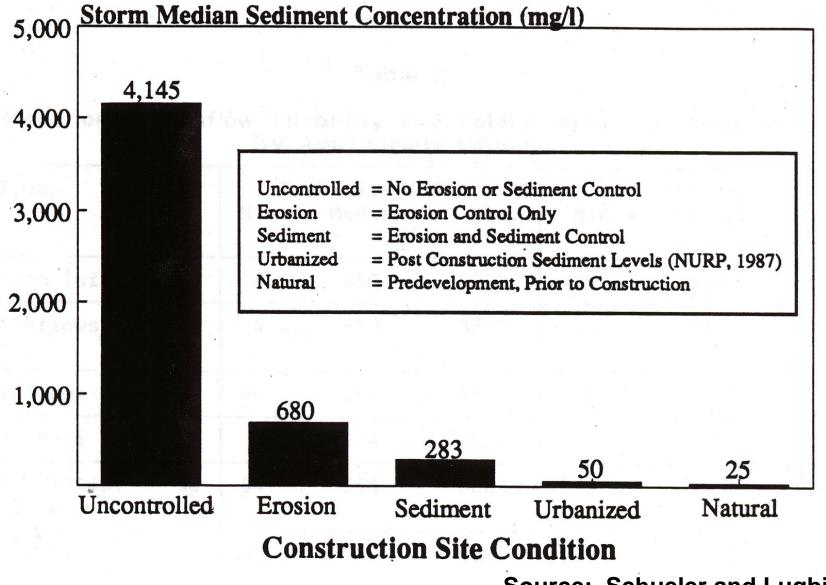
\$738,500,000

Soil loss @150 tons/ac/year 16,500,000 tons 15,670,000 cu. yd.

Statewide activity 10,000 sites Approximately 110,000 ac. disturbance

State of MD

Effect of Erosion and Sediment Control Measures On Suspended Sediment Concentrations From Piedmont Construction Sites



Source: Schueler and Lugbill, 1990

Erosion Control Implementation? •Staff & Resources •Politics (Enforcement) •Conventional Way of Doing Things •Agency Coordination

Why Implementation is Important!



Selected Program Options for ESC (Derived From 1/29/06 Meeting)

- Private Certifications & Licensing
- Performance Bonds
- Training for Inspectors
- Conditions in Contracts
- Incentives Through Review Process (Streamlining)
- Enforcement (Civil Penalties)
- Demonstration Projects (Caguas)
- Others?

ESC Implementation Tool #1



1. Private Certification and Licensing

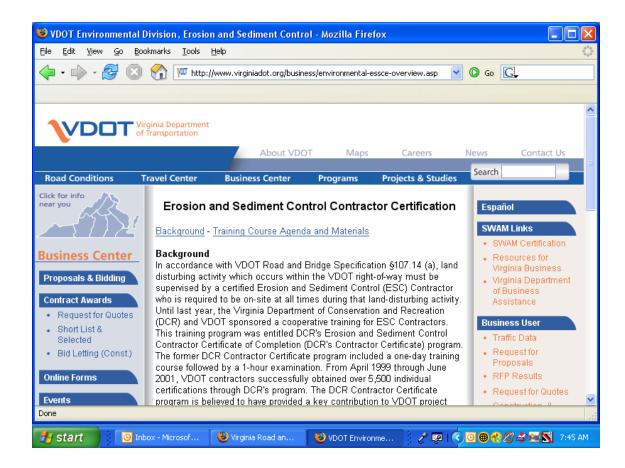
What It Is:

- Training program for contractors, private inspectors, and plan preparers
- Attend training session, take exam and receive official sanction
- Maintain an official list
- List tied to certain requirements plan approval, weekly inspections, onsite presence, etc.

1. Private Certification and Licensing: Delaware Sediment & Stormwater Program

- State requires a Certified Construction Reviewer (CCR) to provide inspection duties
- State provides certification
- CCR must become familiar with site plan
- Reports prepared by CCR on weekly basis throughout duration of project
- ESC controls must be in accordance with approved plan and Handbook; non-compliance must be reported to State
- State pursues enforcement actions
- State has ability to revoke certification

Virginia DOT: Contractor Certification



Required for Contractor to Get State Contract for Road Work

1. Private Certification and Licensing

PROS

- Tied to economic incentive
- Simple administration from centralized agency
- Provides consequences for bad actors

<u>CONS</u>

- Self-policing seldom adequate as stand alone enforcement tool
- Bad actor consequences can be hard to enforce

ESC Implementation Tool #2



2. Performance Bonds

What It Is:

- Financial Surety Posted Prior to Plan
 Approval and/or Grading Permit
- Motivator for Compliance
- Usually Required in Code
- Allows Program Authority to Cash Bond & Conduct Work if Applicant is not in Compliance

2. Performance Bond Example: Albemarle County, VA

- Bond posted for Erosion & Sediment Control & Stormwater Management prior to plan approval
- Bond estimate based on cost + 25%
- Partial bond reductions based on inspection – retain 20% until complete
- Annual renewal fee extensions beyond 1 year discouraged
- Bonds tracked in data base
- Bonds cashed in rare instances
- Administration 20% of FTE (60 bonds annually)

2. Performance Bonds

PROS

- Economic incentive for compliance
- Good complement to
 other enforcement tools

<u>CONS</u>

- Administrative burden (compute bonds, inspections, data base)
- Politically & administratively difficult to cash bonds & perform work
- Bonds need a life span

ESC Implementation Tool #3

Training for Inspectors



3. Training for Inspectors

What It Is:

- Training for those involved in carrying out or complying with inspection aspects of ESC
- Can be tied into private certifications
- Can consist of a one-day course covers minimum standards and specifications for conservation practices, basic soil mechanics and inspector skills
- Require recertification every 3 years or so

3. Training for Inspectors Example: Virginia DCR

- Erosion and Sediment Control Training and Certification
 - localities are required to have a certified inspector
 - Initial certification requires an Erosion and Sediment Control 101 course and one specifically geared at inspection
 - Inspectors must be recertified every 3 years
 - Recertification can be completed through online course
 - Maintains a list of certified inspectors on

3. Training for Inspectors

<u>PROS</u>

- Simple
- Builds motivation
- Keep inspectors upto-date on technolgies
- Help provide consistent enforcement

<u>CONS</u>

- Turnover?
- Uncertain results

ESC Implementation Tool #4



4. Conditions in Contracts

What It Is:

- Contracts for government work (roads, municipal projects, etc.) specify training, preparation of plans, and compliance
- May be coordinated with training and/or certification program

4. Contract Example: CalTrans

- Storm Water Management Enforcement Guidance Manual – <u>Standard Specs</u>
 - Contractor develops water pollution control program
 - State not liable for delays due to lack of program
 - Temporary or permanent stabilization for each 70,000 square meters (17.3 acres)

4. Contract Example: CalTrans

- Storm Water Management Enforcement Guidance Manual – <u>Special Provisions</u>
 - Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan as per State Manual
 - Retention of funds for noncompliance
 (25%) (most effective compliance tool)
 - Training for water pollution control manager (annual certification)

4. Contract Example: CalTrans

- Storm Water Management Enforcement Guidance Manual – <u>Special Provisions</u> (cont.)
 - Special rainy season plans (max. disturbed)
 - Inspections & Maintenance
 - Scheduling
 - Removal of temporary BMPs
 - Suspension of work/contract termination

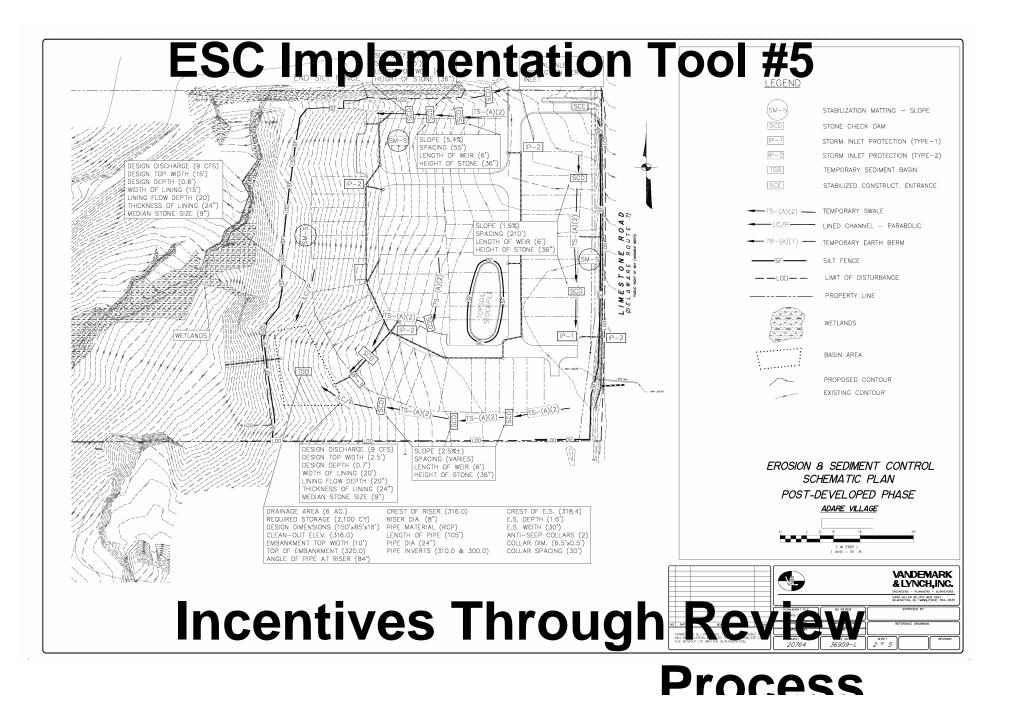
4. Contract Conditions

<u>PROS</u>

 Highlights Erosion Control Early in Process (contract)

<u>CONS</u>

- Often forgotten during construction, except if there is conflict
- Difficult to Enforce (legal action)



5. Incentives Through Review Process

What It Is:

- Review and Approval process for site plans is sometimes time consuming and results in lengthy delay
- Use a ESC checklist to verify complete plan
- If plan is complete and meets checklist, it becomes a fast-track priority

5. Incentives Through Review Process

<u>PROS</u>

- Carrot
- Leads to better plans
- Encourage interagency coordination

<u>CONS</u>

- Delays in approval usually a symptom of several issues (lack of staff, etc.) – may not be as simple as moving to top
- Only applies to review stage, does not ensure good implementation
- Result in inadequate

ESC Implementation Tool #6



6. Enforcement: Civil Penalties

What It Is:

- Specified in Code
- Civil Fines for Specified Violations (like a traffic ticket)
- Requires Trained Inspection Staff

Existing PR Regulation: Regulation for the Control of Erosion and Prevention of Sedimentation (EQB)

- Rule 1240.D
- Rule 1260
 - Cease & Desist
 - Show Cause Orders
 - Revoke Permits
 - Administrative Fines up to \$25,000 per day
 - Contumacy Fines up to \$50,000 per day
 - Criminal Penalties



DIRT

COPS

4:34 PM

6. Civil Penalties Example: Roanoke County, VA Ticket Book

	ROANOKE COUNTY COMMU EROSION & SEDIMEN <u>SUMMON</u>	T CONTRO			
Project Name/Tax Map #:	File N	0	Inspection Date:		Time:
Inspected by:	Owner/Developer:			RLD:	
Location of Violation(s):					
	JT A PERMIT	\$1000/DAY	x _	DAYS =	
STD 3.01 Safety Fence		\$100/DAY	× _	DAYS =	
STD 3.01 Safety Fence	intrance	\$100/DAY \$100/DAY	× –	DAYS = DAYS =	
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6. Civil Penalties

<u>PROS</u>

- Effective Compliance
- Easier to Apply than Criminal Penalties

<u>CONS</u>

- Political Will Needed to
 Apply Tool
- Need Control of "Renegade" Inspectors
- Need Enough Inspectors to Document Conditions at Sites
- Judges Not Always
 Sympathetic

ESC Implementation Tool #7

Demonstration Projects

7. Demonstration Projects

What It Is:

- demonstration projects that illustrate the use, design, installation and maintenance of innovative erosion and sediment control practices
- Incorporate into workshops, certifications, tours, websites, etc.

- 7. Demonstration Projects Example: UVI Cooperative Extension Service
- Installed ESC practices at the CES Home Demonstration Garden
- Demonstrate the proper use and installation of practices not widely used in the territory:
 - erosion control mats, hydroseeding, and triangular dikes
- Demonstrate the proper siting, installation and maintenance of silt fencing;
- Display different native and adapted grasses and ground covers that can be used for erosion control; and
- Provide public education and outreach on effective erosion and sediment control methods

7. Demonstration Project

PROS

- Non-threatening but convincing
- Allows govt agencies to set good example and high bar
- Good outreach potential
- Grants/Funding

<u>CONS</u>

- Temporary
- Risk factor some projects fail
- One piece of puzzle

